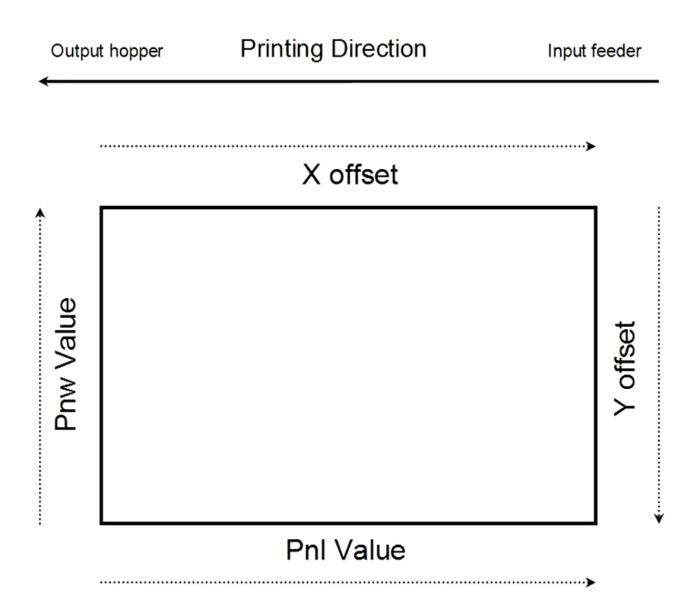


Offset adjustment procedure Pebble 3-4 / Dualys 2-3 / Securion



1) Print a technical test card to get the offset default values:

In the **driver properties/Tools/Dialog with printer**, send the following command:

Stt

Type printer: Pebble 3 Mag Printer S/N: 044220004 Firmware Version: 0506 Print Head Kit N°: 308-47-00327-B X-Y-Smart Offsets: 9 -9 - 400 Printed Lines L/W: 1002 L/636 W Inserted Cards 4: 3331 G: 3332 Cleaning Cycles H: 5 / 522 / 1101 Cleaning Cycles G: 5 / 522 / 1101 Pf: 84 Pp: 119Po: 116Pr: 118 Pc: 57 Py: 74

X offset value	Y offset value	Vertical printed lines	Horizontal printed lines

2) Offset reading commands:

In the driver properties/Tools/Dialog with printer, send one of these commands:

Ry (Y offset value)

Rx (X offset value)

RnI (vertical printed lines)

Rnw (Horizontal printed lines)

3) Offset adjustment commands:

In the driver properties/Tools/Dialog with printer, send one of these commands:

Px;=;Value (Vertical printing start - Increase this value to move the design to

the right of the card)

Px;+;Value Px;-;Value

Py;=;Value (Horizontal printing start; increase this value to move the design to

the bottom of the card)

Py;+;Value Py;-;Value

Pnl;=;Value (Increase this value to increase the number of vertical printed

lines on the right hand side of the card)

Pnl;+;Value Pnl;-;Value

Pnw; Value (Increase this value to increase the number of horizontal printed

lines on the top of the card)

4) <u>Tips</u>

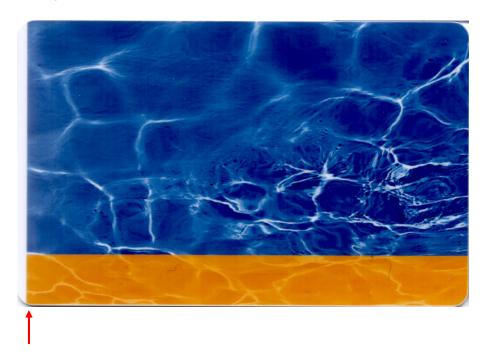
- Adjust the X offset before the PnI value.

- To reduce the margin on the right side, increase the PnI value one-by-one.
- → Do not set it directly to the maximum value (1016).
- If you increase or decrease too much the Y offset value or the number of horizontally printed lines, you will see wrinkles along the edges of the design.
- If you reduce too much the X offset value, the printer will cut the ribbon or nothing will be printed on the card (because the print head starts to print before the card)
- The values are in dots (12 dots = \sim 1mm), so adjust them one-by-one.

5) Sample of adjustment:

Printing direction

Sample1:



- A white margin can be observed on the left of the card.

Solution:

Reduce the X offset to move the image on the left of the card (12 dots = \sim 1mm).

Commands:

Px;=;Value

Px;+;Value

Px;-;Value

Sample2:



- A white margin can be observed on the left of the card.

Solution:

Increase this value to increase the number of vertical printed lines on the right hand side of the card (12 dots = \sim 1mm).

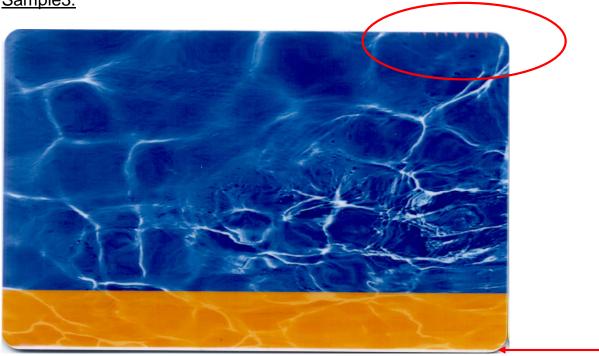
Commands:

PnI;=;Value

Pnl;+;Value

PnI;-;Value

Sample3:



- A white margin can be observed on the bottom of the card or/and wrinkles are on the top of the card.

Solution:

Increase the Y offset to move the image on the bottom of the card $(12 \text{ dots} = \sim 1 \text{mm})$.

Commands:

Py;=;Value

Py;+;Value

Py;-;Value